INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR MODEL KLC
OIL LEVEL CONTROLLERS WITH ADAPTERS (INCLUDING HIGH PRESSURE MODELS)

Note: For fire safe oil level controllers, see additional instructions in this work sheet covering installation of fire safe valves.

I. INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS FOR OIL INLET VALVE:

- Connect the oil supply line to the oil inlet on the oil level controller. The minimum recommended supply line is ¾” I.D. The supply line must be clean and it is recommended that it be flushed with solvent before installation.
- Connect the oil supply line to the oil supply tank. If there is no existing valve at the tank or the existing supply outlet, a shut-off valve should be placed in the line to prevent oil loss when cleaning the controller inlet screen or filter.
- For HP-A high pressure models, pressure range must be between 10 psig and 35 psig. For HP-B high pressure models, pressure range must be between 36 psig and 70 psig.
- The oil inlet valve is set to maintain the oil level at the center of the sight glass when oil inlet pressure is at midrange. Low or high levels are often caused by two problems:
  1. Excessive oil inlet pressure, which will cause the unit to overfill.
  2. Improper equalizing lines between the crankcase and the controller will also result in improper levels.

Note: Low pressure models require a minimum of 2’ of oil inlet head pressure and a maximum of 25’ of oil inlet head pressure.

II. INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR UNITS WITH ADAPTERS:

OIL LEVEL CONTROLLERS WITH –9 (Universal adapter), -10 (Slotted universal adapter), -12 (Post mounted adapter) AND – FS OPTIONS

- Attach the controller to the mounting adapter using the Kenco supplied bolts (and washers if applicable). The recommended torque for the bolts is 20 ft-lbs.
- Mount the controller so that the centerline of the sight window corresponds to the running oil level in the crankcase. Connect the hose from the ¾” outlet of the controller to the crankcase. NOTE: The outlet port on the oil level controller must be located below the oil level in the crankcase.
- An equalizing line must be used between the controller and crankcase in order to equalize the pressure. The tubing must be a minimum of 3/8” I.D. and must be kept under 2 feet. DO NOT loop this line. It must be trap free and self draining with a downward pitch flow by gravity.

FIGURE 1: MOUNTING EXAMPLE OF -9 ADAPTER
- Drill holes in the lubricator housing as shown and mount the controller with the inlet located on the top side using the seal washers and mounting bolts provided.
- Place the seal washers between the controller and the lubricator housing.

OIL LEVEL CONTROLLER WITH –14 AND –14 –FS OPTION (Cooper Superior)-Formerly White
- Remove the triangular blind flange located on the compressor and mount the controller assembly in its place.

- Remove the sight glass located on the crankcase and replace it with the oil controller assembly using the sight glass mounting bolts and Kenco supplied gasket.

OIL LEVEL CONTROLLERS WITH –1 (Clark MA & CFA) –2 (Clark HMB & TMP), -3 (Clark RA, HRA, HBA, HCA, HLA, TLA), -6 (Cooper-Bessemer GMW), -7 (Cooper-Bessemer GMV), -8 (Cooper-Bessemer GMX), -16, -16-R, -16-6.25 (Cooper-Bessemer BMV & 275) AND -FS OPTIONS
- Remove the visual oil gauge assembly from the engine and replace it with the oil level controller and adapter assembly supplied with a gasket and mounting bolts when applicable.

OIL LEVEL CONTROLLERS WITH –4 (Ingersoll-Rand SVG & KVS), -5 (Ingersoll-Rand KVG) AND -FS OPTIONS
- Remove the visual oil gauge assembly from the engine and replace it with the oil level controller and adapter assembly supplied with a gasket and mounting bolts when applicable.
- If an equalizing line exists for the engine sight glass, detach the equalizing line from the sight glass and reattach it to the vent connection located at the top of the controller adapter.

Note: It is important to insure that there are no loops in this line for it must be trap free and self draining.

- Remove the cast aluminum inspection door from the engine. Remove the clamp bar from the old door.
- For -17, -18, -37, -38, -39, & -40, install the O-ring into the groove of the Kenco door and replace the clamp bar on the back side of the door using the bolts, washers, and O-rings supplied by Kenco.
- For –27, install the O-ring into the groove of the Kenco door and replace the clamp bar on the back side of the door using the two bolts and the seal washers supplied by Kenco.
- Place the controller assembly into the inspection port of the engine and tighten the bolt(s) down.
- Install oil inlet line into the controller oil valve or the meter inlet port.
- For models with a Low Flow Meter, refer to the additional instructions supplied with the 1618 or 14308 Kenco Low Flow meter.

III. INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR FIRE SAFE VALVES:

MODEL 50-KFS AND 75-KFS (PATENT NO. 3,877,476)

NOTE: All lines between thermal valves, supply tanks and the controller must be made of steel. DO NOT use rubber hose. The lines should be 3/4” I.D.

- When installing the 50-KFS and 75-KFS, any orientation of the thermal fusing element is acceptable, but facing downward is preferred. This ensures that the fuse is directly exposed to the heat source in case of a fire.
- The 50-KFS valve has 1/2” FNPT threads and should be installed in the oil supply line as close to the controller as possible. Meters, filters and pressure regulators should be installed between the controller and the 50-KFS.
- The 75-KFS valve has 3/4” FNPT threads and should be located as close to the crankcase as possible and the oil outlet line should be a minimum 3/4” I.D. to insure adequate oil flow to the crankcase.

NOTE: The 75-KFS valve is not required when using –FS adapters other than –9, -10 & –12.

**FIGURE 4: FIRE SAFE VALVE INSTALLATION**

Note: Flow on the KFS valve is bidirectional. Either port can serve as the inlet or outlet.

IV. START-UP PROCEDURES

- Flush the supply system and supply line with solvent to remove all burrs and construction debris.
- Insure that the oil supply tank is full.
- After the engine has been running for 1 hour, visually check the oil level in the sight glass. The oil level should be in the center of the sight glass depending on static head pressure.
- With the engine running, check the crankcase oil level. It should be the same as the oil level in the oil controller. If not, check the installation of the equalizing line (if applicable). See instruction for the equalizing line at –9.
- Check all piping connections for leaks and repair as needed.

V. SIX MONTH SUGGESTED MAINTENANCE PLAN

**Oil Valve Service**

- Close the oil supply valve and disconnect the oil inlet supply line.
- Place a pan under the controller to catch the oil from the oil supply line.
- Remove and clean the oil inlet valve screen.
- Once the screen is clean, reassemble and open the oil supply valve.

Note: Dispose of oil in a proper container.